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5	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
6	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
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8	JAMES HAMILTON,	
9	Plaintiff,	CASE NO. C13-5161 BHS
10	v.	ORDER RENOTING DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO
11	REIGN PROMOTIONS LLC, et al.,	ENFORCE SETTLEMENT AND SCHEDULING EVIDENTIARY
12	Defendants.	HEARING
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14	This matter comes before the Court on Defendant Reign Promotions LLC's	
15	("Reign") motion to enforce settlement (Dkt. 20). The Court has considered the pleadings	
16	filed in support of and in opposition to the motion and the remainder of the file and	
17	hereby renotes the motion and schedules an evidentiary hearing for the reasons stated	
18	herein.	
19	I. PROCEDURAL HISTORY	
20	On March 6, 2013, Plaintiff James Hamilton ("Hamilton") filed a complaint	
21	alleging personal injuries. Dkt. 1. On June 20, 2013, Hamilton filed an amended	
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complaint against Reign, Joe Hernandez, and Darren Andy alleging personal injuries suffered at one of Reign's mixed martial arts events. Dkt. 18.

On June 28, 2013, Reign filed a motion to enforce settlement. Dkt. 20. On July 29, 2013, Hamilton responded. Dkt. 25. On August 2, 2013, Reign replied. Dkt. 28.

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Reign filed this motion based on an out-of-court settlement agreement entered into by Reign and Hamilton. It is undisputed that both parties signed the agreement in which Hamilton agreed to release Reign from all liability for the sum of \$2,000. Hamilton, however, refuses to honor the agreement because he declares that he was misled as to his rights and as to whether his attorney had reviewed the agreement. Dkt. 26, Declaration of James Hamilton.

III. DISCUSSION

"It is now well established that the trial court has power to summarily enforce on motion a settlement agreement entered into by the litigants while the litigation is pending before it." *In re City Equities Anaheim, Ltd.*, 22 F.3d 954, 957 (9th Cir. 1994) (quoting *Autera v. Robinson*, 419 F.2d 1197, 1200 (D.C. Cir. 1969)). The Ninth Circuit "also recognizes a trial court's inherent enforcement power." *In re City Equities Anaheim, Ltd.*, 22 F.3d at 957. "However, a court has no discretion to enforce a settlement where material facts are in dispute; an evidentiary hearing must be held to resolve such issues." *Id.* at 958.

In this case, Reign presents a strong case that the settlement agreement is enforceable. For example, Reign argues that "if Mr. Hamilton believed his attorney had

reviewed, and approved, the settlement agreement his subsequent email to his attorney [asking the attorney to dismiss claims against Reign] would make no sense." Dkt. 28 at 2 3 3. Although the Court tends to agree with Reign, it is hard to reach that conclusion based 4 purely on the record. The proper procedure for making findings of fact and then reaching conclusions of law is to hold an evidentiary hearing. 5 6 IV. ORDER 7 Therefore, it is hereby **ORDERED** that Reign's motion to enforce settlement agreement (Dkt. 20) is renoted for consideration on the Court's September 11, 2013 8 9 calendar and an evidentiary hearing is scheduled for that same day to begin at 9AM in 10 courtroom E. 11 Dated this 6th day of September, 2013. 12 13 14 United States District Judge 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22